



Meeting Logistics

During the Meeting:

- This meeting will be recorded. Recordings and slides will be available on DEEP's C&LM webpage after the meeting.
- Please remain on mute.
- Refrain from using the chat function for side conversations.

Public Comments and Questions

- There will be opportunity for public comments at the beginning and end of each day.
- We will begin with those that pre-registered to comment, then open the floor for additional comments.
- If you did not register but would like to make a comment, please raise your hand and we will recognize you, in order, as time allows.
- Please keep comments to no more than three minutes.
- Attendees can ask questions of presenters using the chat function. DEEP will facilitate these questions.



Conservation and Load Management Plan Review

Completed:

- The Utilities worked to develop the 2022-2024
 Conservation and Load Management Plan with guidance from the Energy Efficiency Board, Consultants, and DEEP.
- The Energy Efficiency Board held public input sessions on the draft 2022-2024 Plan, most recently in August.
- The Energy Efficiency Board approved the 2022-2024 Plan text in September and the budgets and savings tables in October.
- The Utilities filed the 2022-2024 Plan with DEEP on November 1, 2021.
- DEEP issued Requests for Information regarding the 2022-2024 Plan to the Utilities on November 4, 2021. The Utilities began issuing responses to these Requests on November 12, 2021.

In Progress:

- DEEP is holding three public meetings to inform its review of the 2022-2024 Plan:
 - November 16 Technical Meeting
 - November 17 Public Input Session
 - November 18 Technical Meeting
- DEEP will issue a Draft Determination on the 2022-2024
 Plan. At that time, there will be an opportunity for written comments.
- DEEP will issue a Final Determination on the 2022-2024 Plan that considers information received during this process.



Where can I find C&LM planning documents?

DEEP C&LM webpage:

- News and information about upcoming DEEP meetings
- Current and approved C&LM plans, including the proposed <u>2022-</u> 2024 Plan
- Archived C&LM planning documents
- Related DEEP initiatives, including the Equitable Energy Efficiency Proceeding and Weatherization Barrier Remediation Program.

DEEP Energy Filings:

- Filed C&LM Plans and annual updates
- DEEP Determinations, including compliance conditions
- Utility responses to compliance conditions, requests for information, annual reporting, and other items
- Records of ongoing DEEP proceedings

Energy Efficiency Board Website:

- C&LM planning documents
- Schedules of Board and Committee meetings
- Presentations from Board and Committee meetings, including quarterly and annual reporting from the Utilities
- Program evaluation report and annual legislative reports
- Statewide Energy Efficiency Dashboard of program activity

Energize CT Website:

- Customer-facing information on solutions, incentives, programs, and events
- Electric Supplier Rate Board



Today's Schedule – November 16

9:00-9:30	Opening remarks and public comment
9:30-12:30	Cross-Sector Topics Presentations Cost-effectiveness testing: Chris Neme, Energy Futures Group 2022-2024 Plan overview and cross-sector topic: Utilities Performance management incentives: Glenn Reed, Energy Futures Group
12:30-1:30	Break
1:30-2:30	Evaluations Presentations • 2022-2024 Evaluation Planning: Lisa Skumatz (SERA) • EM&V applications: Utilities
2:30-4:30	Commercial and Industrial Portfolio Presentations • Portfolio overview: Utilities • C&I vendor perspective: Dan Robertson and Randy Vagnini, Commercial Contractor Consortium • Connecticut Industrial Energy Consumers: Jay Goodman, CIEC
4:30-5:00	Public comment and closing remarks



Public Comment

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- If you did not register but would like to make a comment, please raise your hand and we will recognize you, in order, as time allows.
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- Please unmute yourself when recognized and return to mute when you are finished.





November 16, 2021

DEEP C&LM Technical Hearing

EEB Presentation on Cost-Effectiveness Analysis

EEB Technical Consultants

Cost-Effectiveness Tests Used In CT

Test	Question Answered	CT Application
Utility Cost Test	For electric: Do total electric utility system costs go down? For gas: Do total gas utility system costs go down?	Primary test when only utility's regulated fuel is saved
Modified Utility Cost Test	Do total energy system costs go down? An "all fuels" version of the UCT.	Used when electric utility programs also save delivered fuels (e.g., oil, propane)
Total Resource Cost Test	Does the sum of energy system and program participant costs go down?	Primary test for low income programs; also secondary perspective on other programs



What is in Each Test Today

(Electric Utility Programs)

Benefits

	Utility	Modified	Total	
	Cost	Utility	Resource	
Benefit Type	Test	Cost Test	Cost Test	Source
Electric System Benefits				
Energy	Χ	X	Х	2021 AESC
Capacity	Χ	Х	Х	2021 AESC
Energy DRIPE	Х	X	Х	2021 AESC
Capacity DRIPE	Χ	X	Х	2021 AESC
Reliability	Χ	Х	Х	2021 AESC
Pooled Transmission Facilities	Χ	X	Х	2021 AESC
Transmission	Χ	Х	Х	EDCs (2018)
Distribution	Χ	Х	Х	EDCs (2018)
Gas System Benefits				
Gas		Х	Х	2021 AESC
DRIPE		Х	Х	2021 AESC
Other Benefits				
Oil		Х	Х	2021 AESC
Oil DRIPE		Х	Х	2021 AESC
Propane			Х	2021 AESC
Water			Х	CT rates
Participant Non-Energy Benefits			Х	Various
Non-Embedded GHG Emissions			Х	2021 AESC
Non-Embedded NOx Emissions			Х	2021 AESC

Costs

	Utility	Modified		
	Cost	Utility	Resource	
Cost Type	Test	Cost Test	Cost Test	Source
Costs				
Utility Non-Rebate Costs	Х	X	Х	Utility Progs
Utility Rebate Costs	Х	Х		Utility Progs
Total Efficiency Measure Cost			Х	Various
Increase in Other Fuel Costs (if a	ny)	Х	Х	2021 AESC

For gas utility programs:

- only gas system benefits in UCT;
- gas system + electric system + other fuel benefits in Modified UCT;
- All benefits for TRC



Changes in Electric Avoided Costs

- ~10% decline since 2018
- ~25% decline excluding non-embedded GHG costs

	AESC 2018	AESC 2018	AESC 2021	AESC 2021, relative to AESC 2018		Notes
	2018 cents/kWh	2021 cents/kWh	2021 cents/kWh	2021 cents/kWh	% Difference	
Avoided Retail Capacity Costs	2.00	2.11	1.18	-0.93	-44%	3,4,5,6
Avoided Retail Energy Costs	5.05	5.32	3.85	-1.48	-28%	5,7,8
Avoided RPS Compliance	0.39	0.41	1.28	0.86	208%	5,7,9
Subtotal: Capacity and Energy	7.48	7.85	6.30	-1.55	-20%	
GHG non-embedded	2.69	2.83	4.74	1.91	67%	5,10
NO _X non-embedded	0.18	0.19	0.08	-0.11	-55%	5
Transmission & Distribution (PTF)	2.26	2.38	2.02	-0.36	-15%	3,5,11
Value of Reliability	0.02	0.02	0.01	-0.01	-32%	3,5,6,12
Electric capacity DRIPE	0.97	1.03	0.41	-0.62	-60%	5,6
Electric energy and cross-DRIPE	2.08	2.19	1.20	-0.99	-45%	5,7,13
Subtotal: DRIPE	3.05	3.22	1.61	-1.60	-50%	-
Total	15.68	16.49	14.77	-1.72	-10%	-



Source: 2021 AESC, Table ES-1 (15-year levelized retail summer on-peak kWh savings, Counterfactual #1)

Changes in Gas Avoided Costs

	Units	Southern New England	Northern New England
AESC 2018 (2018-2032)	2021 \$/MMBtu	\$7.91	\$7.57
AESC 2021 (2021–2035)	2021 \$/MMBtu	\$6.48	\$6.39
Percent change	%	-18%	-16%

Source: 2021 AESC, Table ES-6 (15-year levelized values)

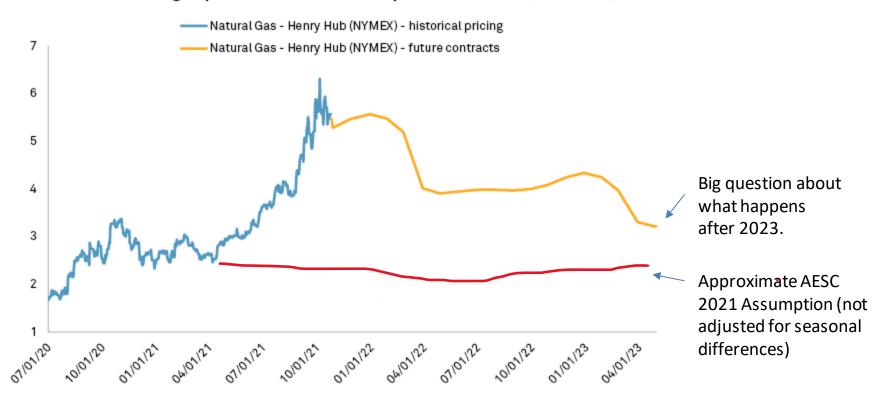
Estimates made before recent spike in gas costs.

- AESC 2021 forecast Henry Hub prices fall from \$3.23/MMBtu in 2021 to \$2.78 in 2023.
- Current Henry Hub prices ~\$5.50/MMBtu
- NYMEX Henry Hub futures ~\$4.40/MMBtu for January 2023



Avoided Costs Assumptions – Especially Gas – Now Likely to be Low (at least in near term)

Benchmark natural gas price has more than tripled since Q3'20 (\$/MMBtu)



As of Oct. 22, 2021, market close. Source: S&P Global Market Intelligence



Valuing GHG Emission Reductions

	AESC 2018	AESC 2021	Difference	% Difference
Social cost of carbon (SCC or "damage cost") at 2% discount rate	Not quantified	\$128	-	-
Global marginal abatement cost	\$105	\$92	-\$13	-12%
New England-based marginal abatement cost, derived from the electric sector	\$72	\$125	\$53	75%
New England-based marginal abatement cost, derived from multiple sectors	Not calculated	\$493	-	-
Source: 2021 AESC, Table 76 (15-year levelized val	ues)			

- Value used by CT Utilities
 - for TRC only
 - for both electricity and gas
- Based on 2% real discount rate
 - Very sensitive to discount rate
 - At 1% disc. rate, value is ~\$400/ton



Program Benefit-Cost Ratios

2022 Electric Programs

	Eversource Electric			UI Electric		
Sector	UCT	MUCT	TRC	UCT	MUCT	TRC
Res EE	0.98	2.17	2.41	1.22	2.36	2.12
C&I EE	2.02	2.01	1.69	1.86	1.86	1.41
DR	1.77	1.77	1.77	1.42	1.42	1.42
Total	1.36	1.78	1.80	1.33	1.70	1.50

Programs Cost-Effective

- Despite lower AESC 2021 avoided costs
- Without consideration of GHG benefits under UCT/MUCT

2022 Gas Programs

	Eversource Gas		Eversource Gas CT Natural Gas		Souther	n CT Gas
Sector	UCT	TRC	UCT	TRC	UCT	TRC
Res EE	1.32	1.99	1.24	2.25	1.44	2.29
C&I EE	1.16	1.65	1.28	1.49	1.32	1.50
Total	1.12	1.69	1.05	1.71	1.14	1.73







November 16, 2021, 9:30 AM-12:30 PM

2022-2024 Energy Efficiency Plan Cross-Sector Topics

Agenda

- Priorities
- New for 2022-2024
- Decarbonization and electrification
- Cost-effectiveness testing
- Coordination with PURA dockets
- Performance management incentives







Priorities

Equity

Equitable distribution of benefits of energy efficiency and active demand response programs across state, communities, market segments, and customer types

Decarbonization

Reducing greenhouse gas emissions from building sector to meet legislative/regulatory goals re: air pollutants and climate change

Energy Affordability

Promoting economic development through lower energy bills, enhanced energy security, and increased reliability







Equity

Residential	Commercial & Industrial	Education, Workforce & Community Outreach
 Use DEEP's new Energy Efficiency Equity baseline (E3b) to identify areas of the state with lower participation and to inform new targeted customer outreach efforts 	and target customers in distressed and environmental justice communities and market sectors with	 Use Community Partnership Initiative to reach more customers, particularly those in distressed, environmental justice, and non-English speaking communities
 Market to customers in non-English languages to increase audience engagement 		 Introduce Energize CT Energy in Action mobile exhibit. Sixty percent of school
 Continue to analyze customer data and target customers in distressed and environmental justice communities and market sectors with 	 languages to increase audience engagement Include extra weighting for certified 	tours and community events will be in distressed and environmental justice communities
untapped potential	minority-owned, women-owned, and	Implement proactive Workforce
 Include extra weighting for certified minority- owned, women-owned, and veteran-owned businesses when evaluating and scoring competitive requests for proposals for program vendors 	veteran-owned businesses when evaluating and scoring competitive requests for proposals for program vendors	Development Strategy focusing on growing energy efficiency workforce and recruiting/training workers from underrepresented communities, such as ethnic and racial minorities, and women







Decarbonization

Residential	Commercial & Industrial	Education, Workforce & Community Outreach
 Promote sustainable building practices (e.g., Zero Energy Homes, Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design, and Passive House) to residential new construction market actors Expand active demand response offerings to support electrification and carbon neutrality, including smart thermostats, air conditioning load control, battery storage, and electric vehicle chargers 	 Promote sustainable building practices (e.g., Net Zero Energy Buildings) Enhance weatherization efforts and use building energy management control strategies for commercial and municipal buildings Educate contractors and customers on heat pump technologies and benefits Expand active demand response offerings to support electrification and carbon neutrality, 	 Leverage manufacturer and distributor education and training efforts to promote heat pump technologies Encourage contractors to attend and complete manufacturer-led heat pump trainings to broaden base of qualified installers Coach contractors to recognize prime opportunities such as replacement of end-of-life air conditioning systems with
 Educate consumers on benefits of heat pump technologies and develop contractor locator tool to direct customers to qualified installers 	including smart thermostats, air conditioner load control, lighting/dimming, battery storage, industrial load shifting, and electric vehicle chargers	heat pumps
 Maintain Qualified Products List to standardize efficiency and qualifying criteria for heat pump technologies in Northeast 	 Claim savings for delivered fuels (oil and propane) resulting from the installation of energy efficiency measures 	







Priority No. 3: Energy Affordability

Residential	Commercial & Industrial	Education, Workforce & Community Outreach
 Leverage funding from Low-Income Heating Energy Assistance Program and American Rescue Plan Act to address weatherization health and safety barriers Increase stocking and sale of efficient equipment at retailers 	 Enhance promotion of existing loan products, such as CPACE, and increase financing options to C&I customers to support long-term energy efficiency investments that provide immediate energy savings with little to no upfront capital costs 	 Provide energy efficiency seminars to schools and community-based organizations to help educate students and educators on various careers/paths in energy efficiency available to students
 Enhance and deploy web-based resources to educate customers about low-carbon technologies, high-efficiency products, and active demand response offerings 	 Offer virtual, pre-assessments through the Small Business Energy Advantage program to support the installation of energy efficiency and active demand reduction measures 	 Target residential and small business customers in distressed, environmental justice, and non-English speaking communities through community and
Continue to offer virtual pre-assessments through HES/HES-IE programs to support installation of energy efficiency and active demand response measures Introduce Consus Tract Tool to street line Introduce Consus Tract Tool to street lin	 Conduct additional education and outreach to businesses to increase participation in energy efficiency and active demand response across market segments and customer classes 	direct outreach campaigns
 Introduce Census Tract Tool to streamline customer outreach efforts for contractors 	 Increase small business participation in weatherization measures, including targeting businesses in converted residences 	





Retail Products

- Introduce induction cooktops to ENERGY STAR® Retail Products Platform
- Add dehumidifiers to online marketplace

HVAC and Water Heating Equipment

- Promote heat pumps
- Add room A/Cs to Appliance Recycling
- Explore heat pump water heater standards, increase Uniform Energy Factor requirements (as appropriate)
- Investigate eliminating natural gas incentives where condensing equipment previously in place

Residential New Construction

- Offer permanent Major Renovations & Additions pathway
- Increase Passive House design and certification
- Increase promotion of all-electric offering for new construction projects







Home Energy Solutions and HES-Income Eligible

- Introduce DOE Home Energy Score to HES-IE
- Offer "Final DOE Home Energy Score" to customers
- Develop Virtual Concierge service, promote add-on measures recommended during HES assessment
- Work with DEEP's selected vendor for Weatherization Barrier Program
- Launch HES pay-for-performance pilot

Multifamily Initiative

- Host additional landlord roundtables to understand barriers to participation/diversity
- Develop landlord testimonials

Behavioral Strategies

- Offer customized energy usage insights to customers through natural digital touchpoints
- Companies have separate interactive platforms







- Commercial & Industrial New Construction, New Equipment & Major Renovations

- Increase adoption of Net Zero Energy, Zero Net Energy Ready, and Passive House
- Support integration of renewable energy, grid interactive buildings, and ADR offerings
- Provide packaged offerings for all-electric new construction projects
- Offer more midstream incentives (heat pumps, natural gas measures, HVAC/commercial kitchen equipment)

Energy Opportunities

- Launch Benchmarking Initiative, encourage C&I customers to benchmark and potentially derive savings attribution
- Transition learnings from HVAC Modernization pilot to full program
- Increase weatherization efforts, development of CT weatherization contractor network
- Improve mechanical & ventilation systems for K-12 school buildings
- Explore new market segments (agriculture, cannabis, grocery, telecom, unmanned telecom shelters/cabinets)
- Explore opportunities for refrigerant leak detection and remediation measures







Small Business

- Increase heat pump installations, additional training for contractors
- Offer (potentially) enhanced incentives for microbusinesses that install non-lighting/comprehensive measures
- Focus on weatherization, targeting businesses in converted residences
- Package industrial EE programs for small manufacturers
- Establish simplified concierge service to leverage outreach efforts to manufacturers
- Integrate workforce efforts for small businesses and manufacturers through Industrial Assessment Center

Business & Energy Sustainability

- Transition United Illuminating's Virtual-Based Commissioning pilot to a program
- Add Operations & Maintenance measures, including refrigerant leak detection, repair, and charging
- Add Strategic Energy Management offering for virtual treasure hunts, engage customers with SEM Lite options







Education

- Implement tracking survey/evaluation for educators
- Conversion of all K-12 lessons into online format (web-based or App platform)
- Integrate educator-developed lessons/learning sequence plans into curriculum and workshops

Workforce Development

- Administer Workforce Study to understand role of diversity/geography in the workforce, as well as barriers
- Invest in upskilling current/future EE workforce through trainings, contractor education, and outreach
- Increase outreach to schools, community colleges and community-based organizations to promote technical trainings and certifications as pathways into workforce
- Establish metrics to track progression and success for Learning Laboratories Initiative
- Industrial Assessment Center

Community Outreach

- Community Partnership Initiative
- Energize CT Energy in Action mobile exhibit







Decarbonization and Heat Pumps

- Maintain online learning center
- Create "All Things Heat Pumps" webpage on EnergizeCT.com
- Establish contractor tool to help customers identify qualified contractors
- Collaborate with manufacturers and distributors to identify trained/untrained contractors
- Maintain regional Qualified Products List for air source heat pumps
- Host collaborative channel partnership trainings
- Integrate heat pumps with ADR offerings
- Promote heat pump integrated controls
- Work with International Ground Source Heat Pump Association to support trainings
- Establish incentives for air-to-water heat pumps based on performance and criteria standpoint
- Align CT ground source heat pump efficiency requirements with MA Program Administrators







Cost-Effectiveness Testing

- Most of electric and fossil fuel avoided costs based on 2021 Avoided Energy Supply Cost (AESC) study
- Three tests used:
 - Utility Cost Test: Includes value of utility-specific benefits and program costs associated with those benefits
 - Modified Utility Cost Test: Includes all benefits/costs of UCT and includes oil and propane-avoided costs and program costs associated with acquiring oil and propane savings
 - Total Resource Cost Test: All energy and non-energy benefits (water savings, non-embedded emissions, environmental attributes, and non-energy impacts) and all costs associated with acquiring these savings (program and customer out-of-pocket)
- Includes ADR benefits and costs in screening models







Savings & Benefits

	Year	Budgets (\$000)			Annual Savings							Lifetime Savings	
		Electric	Natural Gas	Total	Electric (GWh)*	Peak (MW) **	Natural Gas (MMcf)	Oil (gallons)	Propane (gallons)	Annual Savings (MMBtus)* **	CO ₂ Emissions (tons)	Lifetime Benefit (\$000)	Lifetime Savings (MMBtus) ***
	2022	\$189,054	\$54,231	\$243,284	190	125	528	1,448,963	277,276	1.4	133,066	\$606,205	18.3
	2023	\$178,385	\$55,179	\$233,564	169	131	541	1,378,837	258,524	1.3	125,098	\$569,530	17.5
	2024	\$173,895	\$55,836	\$229,731	156	139	540	1,363,332	254,614	1.3	119,724	\$549,406	17.1
	Total	\$541,333	\$165,246	\$706,579	516	395	1,609	4,191,132	790,415	4.1	377,889	\$1,725,141	53.0

^{*}Abbreviation for Gigawatt hours.







^{**}Savings include demand response programs.

^{***}In millions of MMBtu (one million British Thermal Units). Figures listed are site MMBtus and address only the energy saved at the meter level.

Coordination with PURA Dockets

- Docket No. 17-12-03RE03, Electric Storage Program (January 1, 2022)
 - Includes declining block upfront incentive and performance-based incentive structure for 580 MW by 2030
 - Connecticut Green Bank will administer upfront incentive and marketing/communications
 - Electric Distribution Companies will administer performance-based incentive
 - Upfront incentive adder to prioritize electric storage deployment in environmental and distressed communities
 - 50% Residential customers and 50% C&I customers
 - Eversource will monitor PURA program to determine how to integrate its battery storage offerings
- Docket No. 17-12-03RE04, Electric Vehicle Charging (January 1, 2022)
 - Establishes nine-year statewide program to develop self-sustaining zero emission vehicle market
 - Electric Distribution Companies to administer program in respective service territories
 - Five program areas to optimize deployment of electric vehicle supply equipment
 - Eversource will monitor PURA program to determine how to integrate its electric vehicle offerings







Performance Management Incentive

PMI PAYOUT









November 16, 2021

DEEP C&LM Technical Hearing

EEB Presentation on Performance Management Incentives (PMIs)

Glenn Reed - EEB Technical Consultant

Overview

- What are PMIs and Why do we have them?
- Summary of Recent Changes to PMIs
- Current PMI Structure in CT
 - Primary and Secondary metrics
 - Payout vs. Performance
- Comparison of CT Payout structure to other New England states



What are PMIs?

From the Three-Year Plan:

energize

- ...the Companies earn an annual performance management incentive for managing Connecticut's energy efficiency and demand management programs and budgets. The incentive is tied to program specific-oriented metrics, such as energy savings and net economic benefits.
- Performance management incentive earnings using a sliding scale are based on a percentage of Company spending (2.5 percent to 6.5 percent) corresponding with the level of performance (75 percent to 115 percent) dependent on if goals and/or targets are met or exceeded.
 - Base 5.0% PMI payment @100% of goal

What Do PMIs Accomplish?

Focus and reward Company efforts in attaining key goals of the C&LM Plan

- Help achieve savings goals (Benefits)
- Balance spending vs. savings (Net benefits)
- Focus Company efforts on new and expanded program or sector level activities (Secondary metrics)
- Ensure provision of required data for EM&V efforts (Evaluation data metric)

Attributes of Good Performance Incentives

- Tied to and support policy goals
- Clearly defined and easily interpreted
- Able to be quantified from reasonably available data and easily verified
- Sufficiently objective and free from external influences
- No higher than necessary to achieve the desired outcomes



Recent Changes in PMIs

For 2021 Plan Update added:

- Evaluation data secondary metric
 - 1% of electric and 1% of gas total available PMI \$
- Residential and C&I Equitable Distribution secondary metrics
 - 3.5% of total available electric PMI \$ (2.0% Residential + 1.5% C&I)

For 2022-2024 Three-Year Plan

- Include all fuels savings in Primary Metrics
 - Inclusion of delivered fuel (oil and propane) savings consistent with use of MUC and TRC tests and current program goals
 - Previously, only gas and electric savings were included



Recent Changes in PMIs (cont.)

Revised Residential and C&I Sector weights

 Sector-specific allocations for electric and gas based on average portfolio Plan MUCT benefits

Added Demand Response primary metrics

- Directly targets C&LM demand reduction efforts
- Previously only passive kW demand reductions associated with EE efforts were included in Primary metrics
- Removed HES-IE Penalty metric
- Revised Payout vs. Performance % and goals



Structure of CT PMIs 2022 Eversource Electric example

- PMI payment is prorated to Annual Expenditures
- 5.0% incentive at 100% of goal increased from 4.5% and PMI now capped at 6.5% incentive at 115% of goal
 - Cap had previously been 8.0% at 135% of goal

Performance % Minimum	Pretax Incentive	Pre-tax Incentive
75	2.5%	\$3,650,311
85	3.5%	\$5,110,435
95	4.5%	\$6,570,560
100	5.0%	\$7,300,622
105	5.5%	\$8,030,684
115	6.5%	\$9,490,809
Incentive Basis Budget	\$146,012,442	



Structure of CT PMIs (cont.)

- Budget/Expenditure basis for PMIs excludes:
 - Performance Management Incentives (PMI)
 - Audits Financial and Operational
 - Energy Efficiency Board Consultants
 - Evaluation Administrator
- No PMI payment at less than 75% of performance (Threshold)
- No additional PMI payment at more than 115% of performance (Cap)
 - Previously at 135%
- Goals are prorated based on Actual Expenditures



2022-2024 Plan Payout vs. Performance % and Goals

PMI Payout vs. Performance





Eversource 2022 Electric Plan PMIs

	Incentive Metric	Weight	Incentive
Residential	EE Benefits	20.99%	\$1,532,401
	EE Net Benefits	20.99%	\$1,532,401
	ADR Benefits	0.45%	\$32,853
	ADR Net Benefits	0.45%	\$32,853
	Secondary Metrics	9.00%	\$657,054
	Residential Total	51.88%	\$3,787,562
C&I	EE Benefits	17.45%	\$1,273,959
	EE Net Benefits	17.45%	\$1,273,959
	ADR Benefits	1.11%	\$81,037
	ADR Net Benefits	1.11%	\$81,037
	Secondary Metrics	10.00%	\$730,061
	C&I Total	47.12%	\$3,440,053
	Evaluation Data	1.00%	\$73,006
sm	TOTAL	100.00%	\$7,300,622

2022 Electric Secondary Metrics Eversource Example

Resider	ntial		C&I							
	Weight Incentive			Weight	Incentive					
HES MMBtu/SF ducted Home	1.0%	\$73,006	Energy Opportunities Comprehensiveness	2.5%	\$182,516					
HES MMBtu/SF non- ducted Home	1.0%	\$73,006	New Construction Deep savings Projects	2.0%	\$146,012					
% of HES Homes insulated	1.0%	\$73,006	SBEA Comprehensiveness	2.5%	\$182,516					
RNC: % of Homes w/HERS of 50 or less	1.0%	\$73,006	Equitable Distribution	1.5%	\$109,508					
HES-IE MMBtu/SF ducted Home	1.0%	\$73,006	Promote SEM Initiative	1.5%	\$109,509					
HES-IE MMBtu/SF non- ducted Home	1.0%	\$73,006	C&I Total	10.0%	\$730,061					
% of HES-IE Homes insulated	1.0%	\$73,006								
Equitable Distribution	2.0%	\$146,012								
Residential Total	9.0%	\$657,054								



Eversource 2022 Gas Plan PMIs

	Incentive Metric	Weight	Incentive
Residential	Benefits	21.44%	\$238,053
	Net Benefits	21.44%	\$238,053
	Secondary Metrics	9.00%	\$99,930
	Residential Total	51.88%	\$576,036
C&I	Benefits	18.56%	\$206,076
	Net Benefits	18.56%	\$206,076
	Secondary Metrics	10.00%	\$111,032
	C&I Total	47.12%	\$523,184
	Evaluation Data	1.00%	\$11,103
	TOTAL	100.0%	\$1,110,323



2022 Gas Secondary Metrics Eversource Example

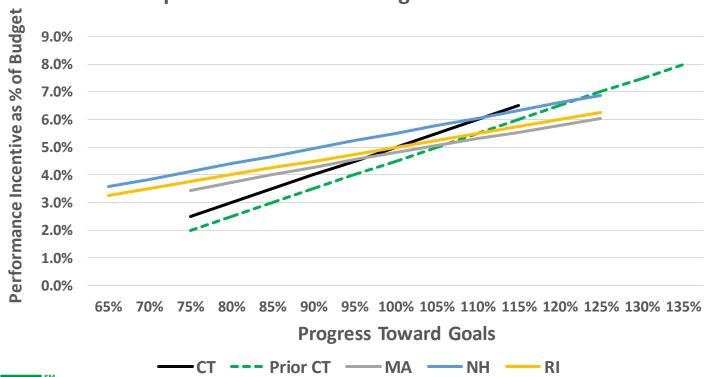
Resid	lential		C&I						
	Weight	Incentive		Weight	Incentive				
HES ccf/SF non- barriered Home	4.50%	\$49,965	ECB/EO Comprehensiveness	5.00%	\$55,516				
HES-IE ccf/SF non- barriered Home	4.50%	\$49,965	Small Business Comprehensiveness	5.00%	\$55,516				
Residential Total	9.0%	\$99,930	C&I Total	10.0%	\$111,032				



Comparison of Prior and 2022-2024 Plan Payout vs. Performance vs. Other NE States

 Other New England Program Administrators have similar payout structures, with some notable differences







Meeting Break

This meeting will reconvene at 1:30 p.m.



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- Refrain from using the chat function for side conversations.

Public Comments and Questions

- There will be opportunity for public comments at the beginning and end of each day.
- We will begin with those that pre-registered to comment, then open the floor for additional comments.
- Please keep comments to no more than three minutes.
- Attendees can ask questions of presenters using the chat function. DEEP will facilitate these questions.



Today's Schedule – November 16

9:00-9:30	Opening remarks and public comment
9:30-12:30	Cross-Sector Topics Presentations Cost-effectiveness testing: Chris Neme, Energy Futures Group 2022-2024 Plan overview and cross-sector topic: Utilities Performance management incentives: Glenn Reed, Energy Futures Group Facilitated Q&A
12:30-1:30	Break
1:30-2:30	Evaluations Presentations • 2022-2024 Evaluation Planning: Lisa Skumatz (SERA) • EM&V applications: Utilities Facilitated Q&A
2:30-4:30	Commercial and Industrial Portfolio Presentations • Portfolio overview: Utilities • C&I vendor perspective: Dan Robertson and Randy Vagnini, Commercial Contractor Consortium • Connecticut Industrial Energy Consumers: Jay Goodman, CIEC Facilitated Q&A
4:30-5:00	Public comment and closing remarks





UPDATE CHNICAL EETINGS 11/16/21

EVALUATION 3-YEAR PLAN

Evaluation

- Populate Program Savings Document (PSD) with updated values for prospective application – ex ante
- Conduct evaluations for ex post evidence of savings and Energy Efficiency (EE) and demand reduction (DR) improvements (programs & measures) for prospective use
 - Gross savings, impact, PSD values, factors (hours, degree days)
 - Baselines, Industry Standard Practice (ISP), Net-to-Gross (NTG), market studies for attributing savings
 - Process, equity, profiles for delivery improvements
 - ➤ NEI, EUL/AML*, persistence and other factors for PSD and cost-effectiveness (C/E)
 - (Engagement), other issues



STAGES IN DEVELOPING THE PLAN

IDEATION / INPUT

From:

- Stakeholders / needs
- Report Rec's
- Cadence Review
- Joint opp's
- Budgets & savings from Plan

DISCUSSION / REFINEMENT

Includes:

- Multiple open stakeholder discussions
- Eval Project Assembly
- Budgeting & Prioritization (criteria) & staging

PRIORITIZED PLAN

Steps:

- Presentation & discussion with Eval Committee
- Review / Comment
- Committee vote
- To Energy Efficiency Board (EEB)



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EVALUATION STUDIES 2011-2021

												EUL/Lifeti			
l												me/Retent			
Programs, Key Measures,				Stock/Eqpt			Code	Measure				ion/Persist			
Key Topics	Impact	Process	NTG	Characteriz	ASS/Sats	ISP	Compliance	/Market	Equity	Other PSD	Potential		Special Topics		
													NEI 2018, Best		
													Consumer Elec		Lit Review
Residential Sector-wide		2015	5	2018	Wx2013			2013					2014, HOU 201		
					2021, 2012,								2021 Low Load	ZNE; Add'l M	easures
Res New Construction	2011	2017	2018	3	2011		2021						(2014)		
HES	2021												Financing Evalu	uations 2014	
l	2021, 2017,														
	2014, WRAP												Real Time Surv	eys 2013, Fina	ancing Focus
	2011	2012, 2011	2021	4				2012, 2014					Groups 2012		
HVAC & DHW				<u> </u>							2021				
Res Behavior (new pgm)															
												2017, 2014			
	2017, 2012											(2), 2013,			
	(2), 2011	2015,2011										2012			
Early Retirement		2021											Study		
		excl lighting													
ESRPP	2020	2020											2021 Refrig/Fr		
			2017, LED		2018 SF,								Sales 2019, Int		ts 2014, LED
Lighting			2013	2019 Shelf	2015 Sat			2020					(NEEP?) HOU 2	1013	
Heat Pumps / DHP / GSHP	2017 20162	2016 2012			2021			2019, 2013			2021		HP/HPWH Reli	ability 2021	
Air Conditioning (CAC)	2017, 2016?				2021			2019, 2013			2021		nr/nrwn keil	ability 2021	
Air Sealing / Duct Sealing,			1	1											
= 1		2015, 2011											In-field - indust	try practices;	potetiai,
insul		HERS		1		2015							savings		
DHW / HPWH	2017												Electronics Pot	ential (2015)	
					Lighting &						ـــــــا	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
C.F.					All 2018, 2013			2012			A				
SF	2024 2022	2015						2013		2024	4				
MF	2021, 2020	2015	1	 	2018					2021		ns Kov Ma	acuros		

2021

2013

2018, 2012, BSC 2012 2020, 2013,

2012

nergy Opportunities

Programs, Key Measures, Key Topics	Impact	Process	NTG	Stock/Eqpt Characteriz		ISP	Code Compliance	Measure /Market	Equity	Other PSD	Potential	EUL/Lifeti me/Retent ion/Persist ence	Special Topics
HVA		FIUCESS	IVIO	Citaracteriz	A33/3ats	IJF	Compliance	/ IVIai KEL	Lquity	2021	rotentiai		HOU 2021
Com'l Boile					2021	2021				2021			HOU 2021
Com'l Furnac					2021	2021							
Communic	C			1	2021, SBEA	2021							
Lightin	g				2012			SBEA 2012			2021		
Refri	g									2021			ACOP 2021
Com'l T-sto	t									2021			
Air Compresso	r							2021					
X-Cutting								2021		2020		2021	EUL 2021, NEI 2021, CZ 2021
Early Retirement													Analysis Design Evaluability 2020
Residential DR													
Commercial DR													
X-Cutting DR										2021			Pilot 2021, Coincident Factor 2021
Energy Education	2021	2021											evaluability /design 2021
Workforce Development	2021	2021											evaluability /design 2021
Community Outreach	2021	2021, 2015											evaluability /design 2021
Community Engagement	2021	2021											evaluability /design 2021
Residential Loan Pgm (ECLF&OBR)	2014												Financing Evaluations 2014
C&I Financing Support													
RD&D													
Methods	2015												
Databases					2020, 2018								Res DB Issues 2015

SERA

CURRENT EVALUATION PROJECTS

CT-EEB PROJECTS PROGRESS SUMMARY - GANTT CHART												
	20	21				N						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Project (and initials of lead EA /draft												
assignments)	J	F	М	Α	М	J	J	Α	S	0	N	D
C1901 - C&I Sector-Wide Process Evaluation (non-												
SBEA)(DG)												
C1906 SEM Design and Evaluation(PJ)												
C2014 C&I Lighting Saturation and Remaining												
Potential(DG)												
C1902 ECB NTG and Baseline, (PJ)												
X1931-1 ISP Comm Boiler & Furnace Study(DG/RP)												
X1931-2 Coincidence Factor and Loadshape												
Study(DG/RP)												
X1931-5 Comm Refrigeration Efficiency Update												
Study(PJ)										Ш		
X1931-6 Hours of Use Documentation(PJ)												
R1959 Single-Family Renovations & Additions												
Potential Analysis, (LS)												
R1965 HP/HPWH Baseline and Potential Assessment,												
(RW)												
R1982.HVAC/DHW Performance and Potential												
Evaluation, (RW)												
R2023. RASS Enhancement (R1965 add-on) (LS)								i				
R2027 HP/HPWH Reliability(RW)												
R1983 HES/HES-IE Impact and Process												
Evaluation(RW)	L,		L,			L,						
Update(LS)	,/	,/	/	,	,	,/						
R2120 Refrig Recycling Incentives Analysis(LS)												

Project (and initials of lead EA /draft												
assignments)	J	F	М	Α	М	J	J	Α	S	0	N	D
X1931 In-Depth PSD Review, (LS/PJ)												
X1939 Early Retirement, (LS/RP)												
CT X2022 - Education and Engagement Evaluation												
X2001 - EUL, (LS)												
X1932 DR EM&V Support, (RW)	,/	,/	,/	,/	,/							
X1942 NEIs , (LS)												
X1931-7 Degree Days Update Study(PJ)												
X1931-3 New Measure Compressed Air Systems(PJ)												
X1931-4 New MeasureAdvanced Lighting												
Controls(DG/LS/RP)												
X1931-8 New Measure Advanced Commercial												
Thermostats(xx/LS)												
R2015. Low Load and All-Electric Residential New												
Construction(RW)												
C2117 - RCx Persistence Study(PJ/DG)												
R1968 RNC Baseline and Code Compliance(RW/LS)												

STAGES IN DEVELOPING THE PLAN

IDEATION / INPUT

From:

- Stakeholders / needs
- Report Rec's
- Cadence Review
- Joint opp's
- Budgets & savings from Plan

DISCUSSION / REFINEMENT

Includes:

- Multiple open stakeholder discussions
- Eval Project Assembly
- Budgeting & Prioritization (criteria) & staging

PRIORITIZED PLAN

Steps:

- Presentation & discussion with Eval Committee (Dec mtg)
- Review / Comment
- Committee vote (Mid-Dec)
- To EEB (Jan)

Changing timing of process for future...

EVALUATION PLANNING - 3-YEAR PLAN IN PROGRESS SERA

IMPACT

- 1.ECB 2.EO 3.BES-O&M 4.SBEA
- 5.HES (SF & MF) & IE; incl vendor level & customer partic/equity
- 6.HVAC/DHW
- 7.Behavior (timing)
- 8.(NC) New Construction
- 9.Duct/air sealing & fieldwork
- 10.0il savings. methods. attribution

BASELINE

- 1.Com'l Baseline
- 2.Resid. Baseline
- 3.Agriculture
- 4.Resid. (Com'l) Code Compliance
- 5.ISP Transfer-ability of **MA Results**
- 6.RNC incl. NTG
- 7.Air Handling-AHU
- 8.Lighting: HTR, direct install-IE
- 9.Lighting Market Model
- 10.Saturations: AirC. wifi tstat
- 11.Demand Red'n
- 12.Heat Pump (HP)
- Fieldwork with MA
- 13.Longitudinal survey

PROCESS+

- 1.ECB
- 2.EO
- **3.BES-O&M**
- 4.SBEA
- 5.HES (SF & MF) & HES-ÌE
- 6.HVAC/DHW
- 7.Behavior
- 8.Concierge opportunity/ performance
- 9.Renovation &Additions-R&A follow-up
- 10.Workforce
- 11.Financing

PSD

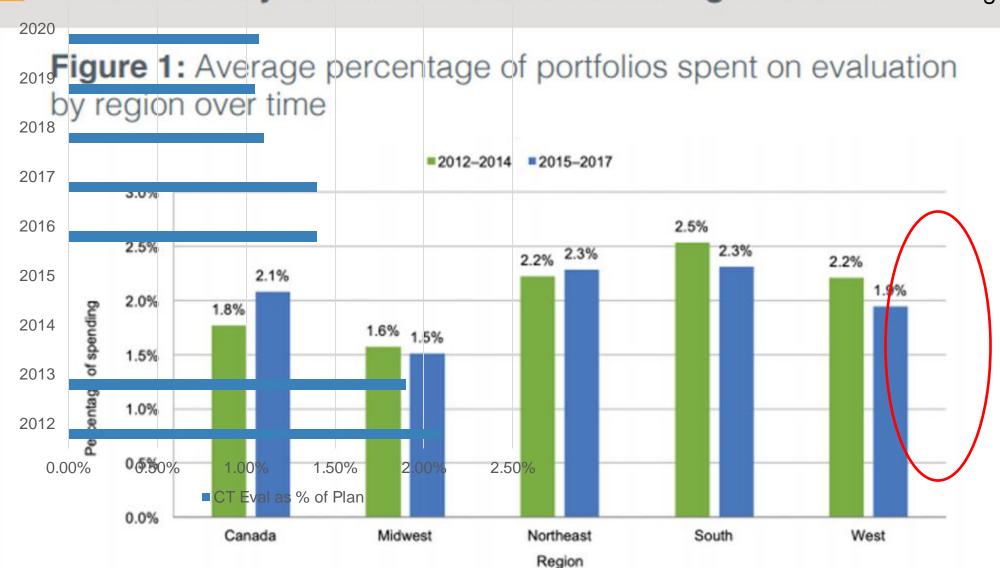
- 1.Controls & integration & verification
- 2.Boilers & furnaces follow-on
- 3.Cooling / chillers
- 4.Custom to Medium firms
- 5.New measures (Fault detec-tion, Data centers, AHU, refrigerant change)
- 6.Multi-Fam (MF) Infiltration & common areas & inter-unit
- 7.Lifetimes/AML

TOPICS

- 1.Heat Pump(HP) & Electrification**. all electric, treatment,+
- 2.Data*
- 3. Emerging Issues
- 4.Equity R&C
- 5.NEIs: Utility. Health&Safety (H&S),Controls
- 6.Arrears customers focus for programs
- 7.Evaluability
- 8.GHG/GWSA Avoid Cost
- 9.Potential for DR & EE
- 10.Weatherization (Wx), barriers

Acronyms - Most remaining ones are CT programs

Utilities aren't spending much more or much less of their DSM budget on evaluation, but we're seeing less variation by region as the industry moves closer to a 2% average exourte National Figures



2022-24 BUDGET AUGMENTATION

OPPORTUNITIES

- CT Evaluation spend fell from 2.1% to 1.07%. Dollars fixed for some years
- Averages: National ~2%, NE ~2.3%, Leaders ~2.6%
- EA 2% request; agreement in general; to start at 1.5% for 2022
- Budget increase from \$3 million/yr to \$4.5 million/yr starting. Further ramping TBD
- 3 Year Plan with Annual Updates
- Helped by new Roadmap / Research Areas

GOOD Sample sizes Finer breakdowns by subpops to inform BETTER
Beyond impact & process
Com'l & Res
Baseline & Saturation / flex databases
Equity analyses
Market understanding
ISP

BETTER YET

Best practices, potential - new programs & measures

Next measures

Field studies* supporting values / eval.

Oppy for more joint studies

Issues / Topics

Data

+ others



THANKS!

QUESTIONS / DISCUSSION?

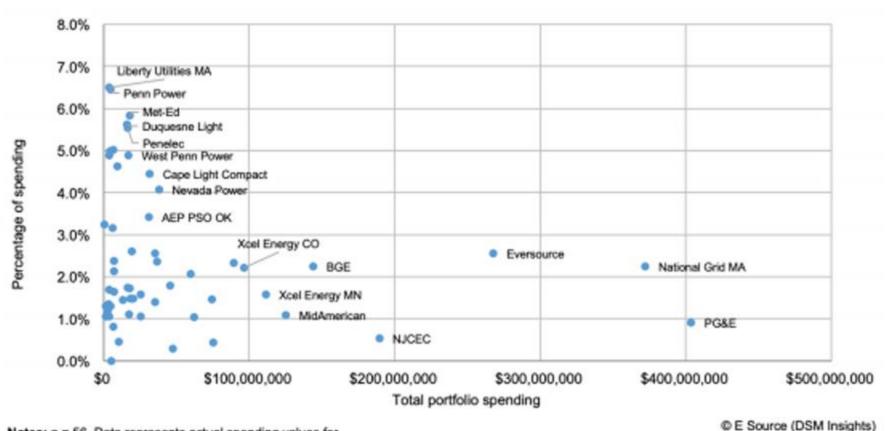
Lisa Skumatz

<u>Skumatz@serainc.com</u>

360-261-3069

Ralph Prahl, Robert Wirtshafter, Peter Jacobs, Dakers Gowans

Figure 3: Administrator evaluation spending as a percentage of average annual portfolio spend (2015–2017)



Notes: n = 56. Data represents actual spending values for administrators that reported evaluation spending in at least two of the three years between 2015 and 2017.

Canada Midwest Northeast South West
Region





November 16, 2021, 1:30 PM-2:30 PM

2022-2024 Energy Efficiency Plan Evaluations

Agenda

- 2021 Evaluation studies
- For three key recent evaluation studies:
 - Key findings
 - Program changes in response to evaluation







2021 Evaluations

- R1973, Retail Non-Lighting
- X1941, Multifamily Impact Evaluation
- X1931-6, Hours of Use Update and Documentation
- X1931-7, Cooling and Heating Degree Days Update
- X1931-3, C&I Air Compressors, New Measure for Program Savings Document (PSD)
- X-1931-8, Small Business Advanced Thermostat, New Measure for PSD
- X1931-2, Coincidence Factor & Load Shape
- X1931-1, Industry Standard Practice Commercial Boiler and Furnace Study
- X1931-4, Advanced Lighting and Controls, New Measure (Commercial)
- X1939, Early Retirement







R1963 Short Term Residential Lighting Report



Key findings

- LED products are widely available in all retail channels.
- Discount stores, except Dollar stores, do not carry baseline products and primarily only carry LED products that are "brought in" by the Energize CT program
- Club stores do not carry baseline products of any type
- 40W equiv. Globe in Discount retailers and BR30 Directional bulbs in Hardware/Lumber are cheaper than baseline counterparts







R1963 Short Term Residential Lighting Report



- Directional LED replacement bulbs removed from retail promotional programs in 2021
- For 2022, all Non-Discount Stores have been removed from LED promotional programs for replacement bulbs
- To promote equity Discount Stores will continue to offer LED promotional incentives
- Program to be reviewed during 2022 to determine continuation







X1931-1 ISP for Boilers & Furnaces



- Condensing equipment is most commonly installed for boilers; a mix of condensing and non-condensing equipment is most common for furnaces
- Baseline efficiencies should increase from IECC 2021 to industry standard practice (ISP)
- Evaluation recommends updating minimum program qualifying efficiency for C&I boilers and furnaces to reflect savings compared to new, higher efficiency ISP baselines







X1931-1 ISP for Boilers & Furnaces



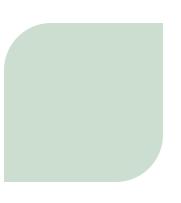
Equipment	t Type	Updated Program Qualifying Efficiency	
Furnace	All sizes	>92% AFUE	>95% AFUE
Boilers	Small (<300,000 Btu/h)	Condensing, >92% AFUE Non-condensing, >85% AFUE	>95% AFUE
	Medium (300,000- 2,500,000 Btu/h)	Condensing, >92% E _t Non- condensing, >82% E _t	>95% AFUE







X1939 Early Retirement (Draft Report)



Key findings

- Need to clarify protocols with respect to assigning event type
- Evaluation recommends expanding use of dual baseline for commercial retrofit measures







X1939 Early Retirement (Draft Report)

Program changes in response to evaluation (Pending Final Report)

- Implement dual baseline savings calculation for C&I retrofit measures including:*
 - Energy-Efficient Motor
 - 2-Speed Motor Control in Rooftop Unit
 - Cooling Tower Alternates
 - Dehumidifier
 - Economizer Air/Water
 - Energy-Efficient Motor
 - Variable Speed Drive
 - EMS/Linked HVAC Controls
 - Enthalpy Control Economizer

- New/Additional EMS Points
- Heat Recovery from Refrigeration System
- Air Compressor
- Energy-Efficient Transformer
- Energy-Efficient Motor
- Plastic Injection Molding Machine
- Refrigerated Air Dryer
- Variable Frequency Drive



*Certain lighting measures will be addressed by a separate study.







November 16, 2021, 2:30 PM-4:30 PM

2022-2024 Energy Efficiency Plan Commercial & Industrial Portfolio

Commercial & Industrial Offerings

New Construction,
Equipment
Replacement &
Major Renovations

Retrofit Services

Small Business

Business and Energy Sustainability







Priority 2: Decarbonization

- Promote sustainable building practices (e.g., Net Zero Energy Buildings)
- Enhance weatherization efforts and use building energy management control strategies for commercial and municipal buildings
- Educate contractors and customers on heat pump technologies and benefits
- Expand active demand response offerings to support electrification and carbon neutrality, including smart thermostats, air conditioner load control, lighting/dimming, battery storage, industrial load shifting, and electric vehicle chargers
- Claim savings for delivered fuels (oil and propane) resulting from the installation of energy efficiency measures







Priority 3: Energy Affordability

- Enhance promotion of existing loan products, such as CPACE, and increase financing options to C&I customers to support long-term EE investments that provide immediate energy savings with little to no upfront capital costs
- Offer virtual pre-assessments through Small Business Energy Advantage program to support installation of EE and ADR measures
- Conduct additional education/outreach to businesses to increase participation in EE and ADR across market segments and customer classes
- Increase small business participation in weatherization measures, including targeting businesses in converted residences







Decarbonization and Heat Pumps

- Maintain online learning center, trainings include Air Conditioner and Heat Pump Performance Tune-up, measureQuick Start to Finish, and Measuring Air Distribution
- Create "All Things Heat Pumps" webpage on EnergizeCT.com
- Establish contractor tool to help customers identify qualified contractors
- Collaborate with manufacturers and distributors to identify trained/untrained contractors
- Maintain regional Qualified Products List for air source heat pumps
- Host collaborative channel partnership trainings
- Integrate heat pumps with ADR offerings
- Promote heat pump integrated controls
- Work with International Ground Source Heat Pump Association to support trainings
- Establish incentives for air-to-water heat pumps based on performance and criteria standpoint
- Align CT ground source heat pump efficiency requirements with MA Program Administrators







New Construction, Equipment Replacement & Major Renovations

Transformative four-pathway offering drives new construction marketplace toward zero-energy buildings with low energy-use intensity ratings

- Increase adoption of Net Zero Energy, Zero Net Energy Ready, and Passive House
- Support integration of renewable energy, grid interactive buildings, and ADR offerings
- Provide packaged offerings for all-electric construction projects
- Offer more midstream incentives (heat pumps, natural gas measures, HVAC/commercial kitchen equipment)
- Work with State to modify offerings for state/municipalities to resolve existing funding cap for state-funded projects
- Provide strategic support to major renovation projects occurring as result of post-pandemic economy

2022-2024 Planned Results	Total
Number of Customers Served	802
Total Program Lifetime Savings, Electric (MWh)	1,137,069
Total Program Lifetime Savings, Natural Gas (ccf)	38,816,326
Total Program Lifetime Savings, Oil (Gal)	36,720
Total Program Lifetime Savings, Propane (Gal)	30,600
Total Program Lifetime Savings (MMBtu)	7,881,767
Lifetime CO ₂ Emissions Reduced (tons)*	721,019
Total Program Lifetime Benefits (\$000)	\$233,729
Total Program Costs (\$000)	\$71,387

^{*}Please note that these are short tons.







Retrofit Services

2022-2024 Planned Results	Total
Number of Customers Served	3,192
Total Program Lifetime Savings, Electric (MWh)	1,488,605
Total Program Lifetime Savings, Natural Gas (ccf)	29,736,213
Total Program Lifetime Savings, Oil (Gal)	73,008
Total Program Lifetime Savings, Propane (Gal)	65,403
Total Program Lifetime Savings (MMBtu)	8,155,075
Lifetime CO ₂ Emissions Reduced (tons)*	781,473
Total Program Lifetime Benefits (\$000)	\$306,986
Total Program Costs (\$000)	\$139,920

^{*}Please note that these are short tons.

Incentives/ancillary technical services encourage existing C&I building owners to replace functioning, yet outdated/inefficient equipment with high-efficiency units

- Remove barriers, increase benefit to customers installing electric heat fuel pumps and investing in building envelope improvements
- Launch Benchmarking Initiative, potentially derive savings attribution
- Transition learnings from HVAC Modernization pilot to full program
- Increase weatherization efforts, development of CT weatherization contractor network
- Improve mechanical & ventilation systems for K-12 school buildings
- Explore new market segments (agriculture, cannabis, grocery, telecom, unmanned telecom shelters/cabinets)
- Explore opportunities for refrigerant leak detection/remediation measures
- Simplify submission requirements, increase training on application processes to expand workforce for decarbonization measures (weatherization, refrigeration leaks, and industrial process equipment)







Small Business (2022-2024)

Cost-effective, turnkey EE service for small C&I customers who do not have the financial resources, in-house expertise, or time necessary to analyze and reduce their energy consumption

- Increase heat pump installations, additional training for contractors
- Offer (potentially) enhanced incentives to install non-lighting and comprehensive measures
- Focus on weatherization, target businesses in converted residences
- Work with associations and community groups to communicate savings benefits to their members
- Target businesses in environmental justice/distressed communities, explore providing enhanced incentive and lending offerings
- Integrate workforce efforts for small businesses and manufacturers through Industrial Assessment Center
- Package industrial EE programs for small manufacturers
- Establish simplified concierge service to leverage outreach efforts to manufacturers

Planned Results	Total
Number of Customers Served	3,084
Total Program Lifetime Savings, Electric (MWh)	657,653
Total Program Lifetime Savings, Natural Gas (ccf)	6,134,383
Total Program Lifetime Savings, Oil (Gal)	42,725
Total Program Lifetime Savings, Propane (Gal)	57,027
Total Program Lifetime Savings (MMBtu)	2,886,273
Lifetime CO ₂ Emissions Reduced (tons)	294,277
Total Program Lifetime Benefits (\$000)	\$127,515
Total Program Costs (\$000)	\$53,087

^{*}Please note that these are short tons.







Business and Energy Sustainability (2022-2024)

Planned Results	Total
Number of Customers Served	767
Total Program Lifetime Savings, Electric (MWh)	246,302
Total Program Lifetime Savings, Natural Gas (ccf)	13,791,786
Total Program Lifetime Savings, Oil (Gal)	29,051
Total Program Lifetime Savings, Propane (Gal)	18,987
Total Program Lifetime Savings (MMBtu)	2,265,320
Lifetime CO ₂ Emissions Reduced (tons)*	197,122
Total Program Lifetime Benefits (\$000)	\$65,709
Total Program Costs (\$000)	\$18,284

^{*}Please note that these are short tons.

Helps C&I customers make continuous improvements in their business/facility operations that lead to sustainability and competitive business advantages

- Optimize efforts to capture Strategic Energy Management savings
- Add SEM offering for virtual treasure hunts, engage customers with **SEM Lite options**
- Add Operations & Maintenance measures including refrigerant leak detection, repair, and charging
- Enhance industrial initiative marketing collateral for PRIME
- Expand marketing/outreach efforts for steam trap surveys/wraps and trap repair
- Transition UI's Virtual-Based Commissioning pilot to a program
- Pursue Internet of Things for manufacturing efficiency
- Expand Retro-commissioning vendor list







CL&M Technical Meeting

November 16, 2021

Commercial Contractor Consortium



Commercial Contractor Consortium (CCC)

Advanced Energy Group Artis Energy Solutions CMC Energy Services D/E/F Services Group, Ltd **Earth Core Energy Services** Earthlight Technologies, LLC **Efficient Lighting & Maintenance Efficient Lighting Consultants Inc. Environmental Systems Corporation Green Energy Solutions, Inc. Efficient Lighting Consultants Inc. Energy Resources USA Energy Solutions Energy Source Facility Solutions Group** GEM, LLC. Hanna Electric, Inc. J&B Electrical Lantern Energy, Inc. Paquette Electric Company, Inc. Possidento Therrien Electrical, LLC Sarracco Mechanical Services Titan LED **Total Energy Connections, LLC** Wattsaver Lighting Products, Inc. **World Energy Efficiency Services**

The Priorities of the CCC's clean energy workforce and energy solutions companies are to support all variety of organizations and businesses in Connecticut in an equitable manner to decarbonize, reduce energy usage and demand, lower operating costs and enable a better environment for customers, guests and staff through implementation of the 2022 to 2024 Conservation and Load Management Plan (CL&M) as with work together as a Team with all Stakeholders and re-establish our business health.

Several Key Elements

Support the State's climate goals, our customers and ensure relevancy Provide compelling and beneficial solutions to customers

Transform
ourselves and
provide
constructive
input to make us
all better

CL&M Plan Delivers Results

Every \$1 invested in Energy Efficiency returns \$2.61 to the State of Connecticut's Economy -CL&M '22-'24 Demonstrates our State's Innovation & Commitment in the fight against Climate Change and in support of our Communities

What is Working with CL&M Program and Team

Rapid response to the pandemic with programs that were developed collaboratively to support the rate-payers and keep the clean energy workforce viable

DEEP, EEB, Eversource, UI, Consultants, Clean Energy Workforce and Constituents took market input and evaluated circumstances and developed plan that was reflective of the crisis.

The Companies developed creative programs and approaches and worked closely with the Clean Energy Workforce

Addressed Pandemic and Equity:

Distressed Incentives
Microbusiness Programs
Virtual Audits

Rule Changes: Standard Lighting with Comprehensive, Qualification for small business, Wildcards for customers

Improved Collaboration with all Constituents

More consistent participation by Clean Energy Workforce with constructive input.

Stronger Teamwork with all Stakeholders

Payments

In majority of cases, after projects post inspect, the Companies' payments to Contractors was timely

:.reas for Improvement

Issue

High volume of projects resulted in project turnaround delays

Variability in postinspections

energy savings for HVAC
Assets (See next slide)

Impact

- Delays on comprehensive and straightforward lighting projects results in loss of momentum with customers.
- Some customers/contractors use upstream vs. SBEA and give up labor incentive and verifications for faster turnarounds that can result in 50% shorter project timelines. Materials pricing is also better.
- Clean energy workforce does duplicative work which delays projects and adds to the Companies' workload
- The number of documents and variability between utilities and the documentation hurts Clean Energy Workforce and Utility productivity and leads to confusion with Customers and errors.
- The Companies and State cannot recognize true savings, so incentives are depressed, and financials don't work, especially for small businesses.
- Systems are not replaced and run well past end of life or are replaced with less efficient systems*
 *This is especially critical for heat pump adoption that

not only must be better incentivized but targeted.

Recommendations

No engineering review for Tier 1 and Tier 2 lighting Provide Comprehensive workbook with formulas for contractors to submit

Establish rules, so only more complex projects are reviewed by engineering

Better define processes and for post-inspections, reduce burden on clean energy workforce Incorporate DocuSign for contracts which will eliminate use of paper, reduce customer errors and result in faster turnarounds for all documents

Encourage DEEP to revisit regulatory rules

For SBEA, review and incorporate elements of Eversource MA small business. Provide contractor discretion on set of projects or portfolio approach

Bi-annual meeting focused on processes with Companies and Contractors:

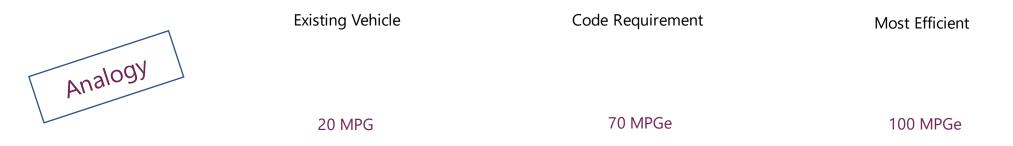
Streamline Together

Additional Comments

Sustration of HVAC Energy Calculations

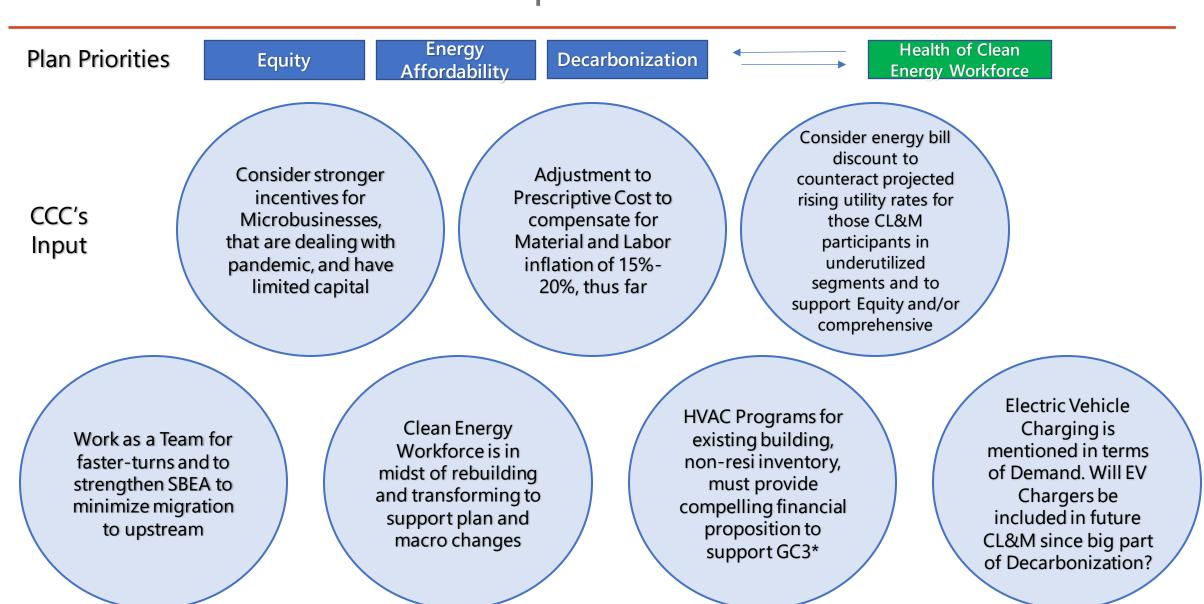
True HVAC equipment replacement savings are not realized, which appears to be a regulatory rule? In most cases, the new HVAC equipment is compared vs. Code when recognizing savings, so the Companies cannot recognize or incentivize the true savings, so many projects are not financially viable. This was done, so ratepayer money is not used to subsidize equipment at end-of-life, which directionally makes sense. In practice, customers run their systems well past published end-of-life or replace with new equipment that is not as efficient:

We must address this to maximize decarbonization of our existing building inventory, or make the decision that incremental improvements make more sense.



Hypothetically, a customer has an existing vehicle that is past end-of-useful life. It runs well, so customer can either keep vehicle, purchase another vehicle that has slightly better mileage or use incentives based on MPGe improvement for most efficient option. The customer has limited capital that could go towards other items and must evaluate options. For incentive purposes, the customer is only able to recognize incentives for most efficient vehicle at 30 MPGe improvement vs. the 80 MPGe actual improvement. The customer can't afford the more expensive option that has 2x higher initial cost and much higher simple payback due to lower incentives based on comparison vs Code. The customer continues to use inefficient vehicle or buys another that might be only 20% more fuel efficient than existing.

Areas to Evaluate for Successful Implementation of '22-'24 CL&M





2022 – 2024 Conservation & Load Management Plan

Presentation on Behalf of:
Connecticut Industrial Energy Consumer

Technical Meeting – November 16, 2021



BACKGROUND

- CIEC comprised of large C&I companies
- Multiple motivations to reduce energy usage include:
 - Lower operating expenses
 - Improve competitiveness
 - Sustainability objectives as responsible corporate citizens
 - Improved building/distribution infrastructure reliability
- Members perpetually examine potential efficiency projects for internal sustainability objectives and continuous business improvement



BACKGROUND

- Mature energy efficiency programs, projects tend to be relatively complex, technical, and may address multiple utility inputs
 - Easier, "low hanging fruit" projects completed
 - Now tend to focus on complex operational and industrial process improvements
 - These projects drive efficiency deep into corporate operations
- Members have extensive internal processes to vet efficiency projects
 - Projects developed and vetted by licensed Professional Engineers and/or Certified Energy Managers
 - Internal approval based on projected efficiency gains, ROI (Cost Savings & Incentives), and applicable sustainability objectives
 - Capital allocated for projects available for limited time; delays in project approval risk the availability of funding allocation



BACKGROUND

- In 2019, a subset of CIEC members completed 38 projects at three sites:
 - Projects yielded the following aggregate reductions:
 - 8,451,802 kWh electricity
 - 188,008 ccf natural gas
 - 3,187 mt greenhouse gas emissions
 - This example illustrates some, **not all**, of the CIEC member efficiency projects in 2019
- Good working relationships with the utilities that administer C&LM programs
 - Collaborative process beneficial to participating companies and overall program performance
 - Explore opportunities for C&LM program process improvements that can help to drive more energy savings and emissions reductions



RECOMMENDED PROCESS IMPROVEMENTS

- Improve flexibility for custom project eligibility and incentives.
 - The "Connecticut Program Savings Document" (PSD) framework does not allow effective evaluation of complex manufacturing processes
 - Revise PSD calculations to better account for custom projects
- Member companies with Licensed Professional Engineers or Certified Energy Managers are willing to accept the responsibility in calculating and verifying savings
 - Utility can reallocate resources to customers that do not have these technical capabilities



RECOMMENDED PROCESS IMPROVEMENTS

- Improve program agility to accommodate new technologies in the C&LM Plan as they become commercially viable
- Greater eligibility for projects that address multiple fuel sources
 - Clarify eligibility rules for projects with incidental impact on second fuel source
- Enable energy savings from existing site conditions to be considered as baseline for savings estimates rather than the code



RECOMMENDED PROCESS IMPROVEMENTS

- Align incentive caps with annual contributions.
 - Incentive opportunities should be roughly proportional to C&LM contributions

Public Comment

- We will begin with those that pre-registered to comment, then open the floor for additional comments.
- If you did not register but would like to make a comment, please raise your hand and we will recognize you, in order, as time allows.
- Please keep comments to no more than three minutes.
- Please unmute yourself when recognized and return to mute when you are finished.



Thank you for attending!

Upcoming meetings:

- November 17 Public Input Session: 6:00-7:30 p.m.
- November 18 Technical Meeting: 9:00 a.m. 5:00 p.m.

9:00-9:30	Opening remarks and public comment
9:30-12:30	Residential Portfolio
12:30-1:30	Break
1:30-3:15	Education, Workforce Development, and Outreach
2:30-4:30	Demand Response
4:30-5:00	Public comment and closing remarks

Next Steps:

- DEEP will issue a Draft Determination on the 2022-2024
 Plan. At that time, there will be an opportunity for written comments.
- DEEP will issue a Final Determination on the 2022-2024 Plan that considers information received during this process

Resources:

- 2022-2024 Conservation and Load Management Plan
- DEEP C&LM Webpage
- DEEP Bureau of Energy and Technology Policy Energy
 Filings
- Connecticut Energy Efficiency Board
- Energize CT

